

----- POPULATION ESTIMATES -----				----- LONG-TERM CARE -----		----- LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENTS -----		
Total 2003 Population 1,037,220				Community Options and MA Waiver as HSRS reports costs for services		Staffing - FTE	Number	Per 10,000 Population
Population per square mile .				Clients Costs		Total staff	302.0	2.9
County ranking in state (1-72) .				COP 322 \$5,295,053		Administrative	38.0	0.4
Age	Female	Male	Total	MA Waiver *		Public health nurses	99.7	1.0
0-14	92,900	97,760	190,680	CIP1A 201 \$15,669,631		Other prof. staff	77.5	0.8
15-19	36,130	38,350	74,560	CIP1B 2,111 \$77,012,459		Technical /Paraprof.	36.4	0.4
20-24	40,620	44,430	85,030	CIP2 1,127 \$13,418,566		Support staff	50.0	0.5
25-29	31,350	35,100	66,430	COP-W 1,617 \$17,470,949		Funding Per capita		
30-34	32,900	35,360	68,260	CSLA 81 \$284,152		Total	\$22,336,422	\$21.62
35-39	36,570	37,980	74,530	Brain Injury 86 \$5,944,387		Local Taxes	\$12,717,197	\$12.31
40-44	41,050	41,750	82,840	Total COP/Wvrs 5,545 \$129,800,143		----- LICENSED ESTABLISHMENTS -----		
45-54	73,690	75,350	149,030	\$6,428,975 of the above waiver costs were paid as local match/overmatch using COP funds. This amount is not included in above COP costs.		Type	Capacity	Facilities
55-64	48,220	46,790	95,020	* Waiver costs reported here include federal funding.		Bed & Breakfast	645	198
65-74	32,280	28,330	60,620	Clients Costs		Camps	21,847	233
75-84	25,680	17,660	43,340	Eligible and Waiting 1,861 n/a		Hotels, Motels	24,986	546
85+	12,830	5,410	18,230	(Family Care data not available)		Tourist Rooming	535	232
Total	504,250	504,270	1,037,220	Note: Eligible and waiting clients will be phased into the COP and MA Waivers as available.		Pools		787
Age	Female	Male	Total	Home Health Agencies 26		Restaurants		5,074
0-17	114,730	120,890	235,670	Patients 13,120		Vending		84
18-44	196,790	209,840	406,660	Patients per 10,000 pop. 126		----- WIC PARTICIPANTS -----		
45-64	121,910	122,140	244,050	Nursing Homes 80			Number	
65+	70,790	51,400	126,910	Licensed beds 6,984		Pregnant/Postpartum	8,872	
Total	504,250	504,270	1,037,220	Occupancy rate 1207%		Infants	9,223	
Poverty Estimates for 2000				Residents on Dec. 31 6,231		Children, age 1-4	11,961	
Estimate (C.I. +/-)				Residents age 65 or older per 1,000 population 46		Total	30,056	
All ages	81,116			Cancer Incidence (2002)		-----		
Ages 0-17	20,227			Primary Site		Breast	714	
----- EMPLOYMENT -----				Breast		Cervical	38	
Average wage for jobs covered by unemployment compensation (place of work) N/A				Cervical		Colorectal	506	
Labor Force Estimates Annual Average				Colorectal		Lung and Bronchus	675	
Civilian Labor Force 610,175				Lung and Bronchus		Prostate	723	
Number employed 581,669				Prostate		Other sites	2,057	
Number unemployed 28,506				Other sites		Total	4,713	
Unemployment rate 4.7%				Total		Note: Totals shown are for invasive cancers only.		

NATALITY

TOTAL LIVE BIRTHS			12,456	Birth Order		Births	Percent	Marital Status of Mother		Births	Percent	
Crude Live Birth Rate			12.4	First		5,172	42	Married		9,056	73	
General Fertility Rate			57.0	Second		4,232	34	Not married		3,398	27	
Live births with reported congenital anomalies			202	1.6%	Third		1,914	15	Unknown		2	<.5
					Fourth or higher		1,137	9				
					Unknown		1	<.5				
Delivery Type			Births	Percent	1st Prenatal Visit		Births	Percent	Education of Mother		Births	Percent
Vaginal after previous cesarean			207	2	1st trimester		10,818	87	Elementary or less		355	3
Forceps			273	2	2nd trimester		1,344	11	Some high school		1,227	10
Other vaginal			9,145	73	3rd trimester		233	2	High school		3,470	28
Primary cesarean			1,658	13	No visits		46	<.5	Some college		2,971	24
Repeat cesarean			1,173	9	Unknown		15	<.5	College graduate		4,379	35
									Unknown		54	<.5
Birthweight			Births	Percent	Prenatal Visits		Births	Percent	Smoking Status of Mother		Births	Percent
<1,500 gm			109	0.9	No visits		46	<.5	Smoker		1,716	14
1,500-2,499 gm			658	5.3	1-4		234	2	Nonsmoker		10,726	86
2,500+ gm			11,684	93.8	5-9		2,157	17	Unknown		14	<.5
Unknown			5	<.5	10-12		5,721	46				
					13+		4,285	34				
					Unknown		13	<.5				

			Low Birthweight (under 2,500 gm)				Trimester of First Prenatal Visit					
			Births		Percent		1st Trimester		2nd Trimester		Other/Unknown	
Race/Ethnicity			Births	Percent	Births	Percent	Births	Percent	Births	Percent	Births	Percent
White			10,592	85	612	5.8	9,381	89	1,002	9	209	2
Black/African American			522	4	76	14.6	390	75	97	19	35	7
American Indian			76	1	7	9.2	61	80	12	16	3	4
Hispanic/Latino			824	7	47	5.7	618	75	167	20	39	5
Laotian/Hmong			86	1	4	4.7	63	73	22	26	1	1
Other/Unknown			356	3	21	5.9	305	86	44	12	7	2

			Low Birthweight (under 2,500 gm)				Trimester of First Prenatal Visit					
			Births		Percent		1st Trimester		2nd Trimester		Other/Unknown	
Age of Mother			Births	Fertility Rate	Births	Percent	Births	Percent	Births	Percent	Births	Percent
<15			5	--	.	.	4	80
15-17			245	11	20	8.2	160	65	72	29	.	.
18-19			650	45	45	6.9	498	77	121	19	.	.
20-24			2,728	67	203	7.4	2,206	81	424	16	.	.
25-29			3,601	115	188	5.2	3,220	89	306	8	.	.
30-34			3,404	103	198	5.8	3,117	92	256	8	.	.
35-39			1,529	42	89	5.8	1,364	89	137	9	.	.
40+			291	7	24	8.2	247	85	28	10	.	.
Unknown			3	--	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.

Teenage Births			900	25	* Data not reported if age or race category has less than 5 births.							

----- MORBIDITY -----

----- MORTALITY -----

REPORTED CASES OF SELECTED DISEASES*

Disease	Number
Campylobacter Enteritis	274
Giardiasis	182
Hepatitis Type A	12
Hepatitis Type B**	71
Hepatitis NANB/C	528
Legionnaires	5
Lyme	101
Measles	134
Meningitis, Aseptic	46
Meningitis, Bacterial	5
Mumps	0
Pertussis	<5
Salmonellosis	205
Shigellosis	43
Tuberculosis	12

* 2003 provisional data.

** Includes all positive HBsAg test results.

Sexually Transmitted Disease

Chlamydia Trachomatis	2,718
Genital Herpes	305
Gonorrhea	718
Syphilis	11

----- IMMUNIZATIONS -----

Children in Grades K-12 by Compliance Level	
Compliant	168,568
Non-compliant	2,249
Percent Compliant	1386.9

Note: Death rates (except infant) are per 100,000 population. Infant, neonatal, and postneonatal death rates are per 1,000 live births. Perinatal and fetal death rates are per 1,000 live births plus fetal deaths. Rates are not calculated for fewer than 20 deaths.

TOTAL DEATHS	7,946
Crude Death Rate	788

Age	Deaths	Rate
1-4	15	.
5-14	20	15
15-19	55	74
20-34	165	75
35-54	741	242
55-64	722	760
65-74	1,247	2,057
75-84	2,272	5,242
85+	2,658	14,572

Infant Mortality	Deaths	Rate
Total Infant	51	4.1
Neonatal	33	2.6
Postneonatal	18	.
Unknown	.	.

Race of Mother		
White	40	3.8
Black	5	.
Hispanic	4	.
Laotian/Hmong	.	.
Other/Unknown	2	.

Birthweight		
<1,500 gm	25	229.4
1,500-2,499 gm	2	.
2,500+ gm	23	2.0
Unknown	1	.

Perinatal Mortality	Deaths	Rate
Total Perinatal	88	7.0
Neonatal	33	2.6
Fetal	55	4.4

Selected Underlying Cause	Deaths	Rate
Heart Disease (total)	2,064	205
Ischemic heart disease	1,368	136
Cancer (total)	1,928	191
Trachea/Bronchus/Lung	493	49
Colorectal	193	19
Female Breast	141	28*
Cerebrovascular Disease	605	60
Lower Resp. Disease	404	40
Pneumonia & Influenza	235	23
Accidents	392	39
Motor vehicle	169	17
Diabetes	241	24
Infect./Parasitic Dis.	105	10
Suicide	110	11

* Based on female population.

ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE AS UNDERLYING OR CONTRIBUTING CAUSE OF DEATH

Alcohol	93	9
Other Drugs	1,146*	114
Both Mentioned	57	6

* Includes tobacco use (see page 7).

----- MOTOR VEHICLE CRASHES -----

Note: These data are based on location of crash, not on residence.

Type of Motor Vehicle Crash	Persons Injured	Persons Killed
Total Crashes	11,122	178
Alcohol-Related	1,478	68
With Citation:		
For OWI	1,027	8
For Speeding	1,314	8
Motorcyclist	514	22
Bicyclist	212	1
Pedestrian	238	9

2003 HOSPITALIZATIONS

DI SEASE / AGE GROUP	Number	Per 1,000 Pop	Average Stay (Days)	Average Charge	Charge Per Capi ta	DI SEASE / AGE GROUP	Number	Per 1,000 Pop	Average Stay (Days)	Average Charge	Charge Per Capi ta
Injury-Related: All						Alcohol-Related					
Total	8,884	8.8	4.7	\$18,744	\$165	Total	1,433	1.4	4.1	\$7,399	\$11
<18	802	3.4	3.0	\$13,803	\$47	18-44	743	1.8	3.9	\$6,257	\$11
18-44	2,494	6.1	4.3	\$18,942	\$116	45-64	566	2.3	4.3	\$8,736	\$20
45-64	2,139	8.8	4.9	\$20,388	\$179	Pneumonia and Influenza					
65+	3,449	28.2	5.3	\$18,730	\$529	Total	3,563	3.5	4.6	\$11,443	\$40
Injury: Hip Fracture						<18	380	1.6	2.4	\$5,855	\$9
Total	957	0.9	5.4	\$21,069	\$20	45-64	618	2.5	4.7	\$13,036	\$33
65+	866	7.1	5.4	\$20,794	\$147	65+	2,277	18.6	5.0	\$12,014	\$224
Injury: Poisonings						Cerebrovascular Disease					
Total	884	0.9	2.5	\$8,180	\$7	Total	2,376	2.4	4.4	\$15,885	\$37
18-44	486	1.2	2.3	\$7,825	\$9	45-64	517	2.1	4.5	\$20,049	\$42
Psychiatric						65+	1,770	14.5	4.3	\$13,817	\$200
Total	5,225	5.2	8.5	\$9,486	\$49	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease					
<18	966	4.1	10.1	\$12,907	\$53	Total	2,117	2.1	3.9	\$9,457	\$20
18-44	2,468	6.1	7.2	\$7,121	\$43	<18	256	1.1	1.9	\$3,950	\$4
45-64	1,071	4.4	9.1	\$9,398	\$41	18-44	247	0.6	2.8	\$6,871	\$4
65+	720	5.9	10.4	\$13,135	\$77	45-64	482	2.0	4.0	\$10,433	\$21
Coronary Heart Disease						65+	1,132	9.3	4.5	\$10,851	\$101
Total	5,174	5.1	3.6	\$25,604	\$131	Drug-Related					
45-64	1,871	7.7	3.2	\$26,772	\$205	Total	525	0.5	6.0	\$6,672	\$3
65+	3,058	25.0	4.0	\$25,186	\$630	18-44	322	0.8	4.2	\$4,870	\$4
Malignant Neoplasms (Cancers): All						Total Hospitalizations					
Total	3,711	3.7	5.6	\$20,310	\$75	Total	107,794	106.9	4.0	\$11,843	\$1,266
18-44	380	0.9	4.8	\$20,608	\$19	<18	18,496	78.5	3.1	\$5,606	\$440
45-64	1,391	5.7	5.0	\$18,996	\$108	18-44	29,862	73.4	3.3	\$9,117	\$669
65+	1,872	15.3	6.0	\$19,982	\$306	45-64	22,416	91.8	4.2	\$15,354	\$1,410
Neoplasms: Female Breast (rates for female population)						65+	37,020	303.0	4.8	\$15,032	\$4,554
Total	320	0.6	2.0	\$11,006	\$7	----- PREVENTABLE HOSPITALIZATIONS* -----					
Neoplasms: Col o-rectal						Total	13,431	13.3	4.1	\$10,495	\$140
Total	517	0.5	8.1	\$25,625	\$13	<18	1,320	5.6	2.1	\$5,096	\$29
65+	354	2.9	8.5	\$26,665	\$77	18-44	1,752	4.3	3.5	\$9,788	\$42
Neoplasms: Lung						45-64	2,672	10.9	4.3	\$12,232	\$134
Total	370	0.4	6.1	\$21,480	\$8	65+	7,687	62.9	4.5	\$10,979	\$691
Diabetes											
Total	1,228	1.2	4.8	\$13,540	\$16						
65+	438	3.6	5.7	\$14,534	\$52						

* Hospitalizations for conditions where timely and effective ambulatory care can reduce the likelihood of hospitalization.